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This book is a comprehensive up-to-date survey of the Aegean Bronze Age, from its beginnings to the period following the collapse of the Mycenaean palace system. In essays by leading authorities commissioned especially for this volume, it covers the history and the material culture of Crete, Greece, and the Aegean islands from c.3000–1100 BCE, as well as topics such as trade, religion, and economic administration. Intended as a reliable, readable introduction for university students, it will also be useful to scholars in related fields within and outside classics. The contents of this book are arranged chronologically and geographically, facilitating comparison between the different cultures. Within this framework, the cultures of the Aegean Bronze Age are assessed thematically and combine both material culture and social history.

The Mycenaean and the Mycenaean Age - George Emmanuel Mylonas - 1966 The Description for this book, Mycenae and Mycenaean Age, will be forthcoming.

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Mycenaean Greece (Routledge Revivals) - John T. Hooker - 2014-03-18
In this book, Thomas F. Tartaron presents a new and original reassessment of the maritime world of the Mycenaean Greeks of the Late Bronze Age. By all accounts a
approaches with ancient texts and network theory, he demonstrates the application of this scheme in several case studies. This book presents new perspectives and
is an Appendix containing a list of Mycenaean sites, with references to excavation reports, and a full bibliography.

Mycenae and the Mycenaean Age: The earliest expansion of trade in the Aegean and

Mycenaeans and their social, political and economic organisations, and he relates the Mycenaean culture to the later civilisation of Archaic and Classical Greece. There

Mycenaean Greece, Mediterranean Commerce, and the Formation of Identity - Bryan E. Burns - 2010-03-08
A new understanding of the effects of Mediterranean trade on Mycenaean Greece, which considers the possibilities represented by the traded objects themselves.

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The Oxford Handbook of the Bronze Age Aegean - Eric H. Cline - 2011-01-01
The Oxford Handbook of the Bronze Age Aegean provides a detailed survey of these fascinating aspects of the period, and many others, in sixty-six newly commissioned articles. Divided into four sections, the handbook begins with Background and Definitions, which contains articles establishing the discipline in its

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The Mycenaean Age and Their Successors - Vincent Robin d'Arba Dehoullier - 1964

"Mycenaean Greece (c. 1600 BC - c. 1100 BC) was a cultural period of Bronze Age Greece taking its name from the archaeological site of Mycenae in northeastern Argolis, in the Peloponnesian of southern Greece. Athens, Pyles, Thebes, and Troy are also important sites of this period. The last phase of the Bronze Age in Greece is the Iron Age, which is the historical setting of much ancient Greek literature and mythology, including the epics of Homer."—Wikipedia.

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Classical Greeks considered the Mycenaean civilization to be the basis of their glorious and heroic heritage, but its material existence was not confirmed until the excavations of Heinrich Schliemann in the late nineteenth century. In the ensuing years, as with the field of archaeology in general, emphasis has shifted from revealing monuments and finding treasure to dealing with less glamorous, more scientifically-oriented investigations concerning aspects such as social and political organization, economy, and cultural expression. As a result, this book provides new perspectives and challenges for all archaeologists with interests in maritime connectivity.


In this book, Thomas F. Tartaron presents a new and original reassessment of the maritime world of the Mycenaean Greeks of the Late Bronze Age. By accounts of seafaring people, they enjoyed maritime connections with peoples as distant as Egypt and Sicily. These long-distance relations have been celebrated and, by contrast, the vibrant worlds of local maritime interaction and exploitation of the sea have been virtually ignored. Dr Tartaron argues that local maritime networks, in the form of 'coastscapes' and 'small worlds', are far more representative of the true fabric of Mycenaean life. He offers a complete template of conceptual and methodological tools for recovering small worlds and the communities that inhabited them. Combining archaeological, geoarchaeological and anthropological approaches with ancient texts and network theory, he demonstrates the application of this scheme in several case studies.

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Mycenaean Civilization - Bryan Feurer - 2004-03-02

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Mycenaean and Minoan - Leonard Robert Palmer - 1963

The Mycenaean Origin of Greek Mythology - Martin Persson Nilsson - 1932

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Homier's History - Carol G. Thomas - 1977

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The Tomb of Agamemnon - Cathy Gere - 2011-06-01

"Osprey's study of Mycenaean warriors, from 1650 to 1100 BC. The timeless appeal of Homer's epic poem of the ancient Trojan War, The Iliad, has meant an enduring interest in the Mycenaean age. Modern scholarship and new archaeological evidence now allows us to reconstruct with reasonable confidence the appearance of this great warrior civilization, which dominated much of the eastern Mediterranean between the 16th and 12th centuries BC. We can also make deductions, from the few surviving pictorial sources, about the tactics of these armies. This absorbing text is illustrated with examples of the archaeological and pictorial evidence, and with striking colour reconstructions of light and heavy infantry and chariot warriors of the Mycenaean age."

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The thriving economy and cultures of the late second millennium B.C., which had stretched from Greece to Egypt and Mesopotamia, suddenly ceased to exist, along

in Egypt that it soon slid into decline, as did most of the surrounding civilizations. After centuries of brilliance, the civilized world of the Bronze Age came to an abrupt

The ancient Mediterranean world was a complex and interconnected region. The collapse of Bronze Age civilization in various parts was a result of a combination of factors, including invasions, internal strife, and possibly environmental changes. The Mycenaean world, which had once been a vibrant and powerful empire, was brought to its knees by these events.

The Mycenaean civilization, centered in Greece, was a highly advanced culture that flourished during the Bronze Age. It was known for its impressive architecture, such as the fortified cities of Mycenae and Tiryns, and its written language, Linear B, which was used to record administrative and economic information. The Mycenaeans had trade networks that reached across the Mediterranean, and they were involved in the Mycenaean dark age that followed, a period of relative decline and uncertainty.

The collapse of the Mycenaean civilization has been studied extensively, and various theories have been put forward to explain it. Some scholars argue that it was caused by invasions from the east, such as the Dorian invasion, while others suggest that it was due to internal problems or environmental changes. Regardless of the exact cause, the collapse of the Mycenaean civilization had profound consequences for the region, leading to a period of relative isolation and decline known as the Mycenaean dark age.

The Mycenaean dark age was a period of relative decline and uncertainty in the ancient Mediterranean. It was characterized by a loss of power and influence on the part of the Mycenaean world, as well as a reduction in trade and cultural exchange. The collapse of the Mycenaean civilization had a significant impact on the region, leading to a period of relative isolation and decline.

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